Bible Correspondence Fellowship



2 Timothy Lesson

Answer Sheet for King James Version (KJV)

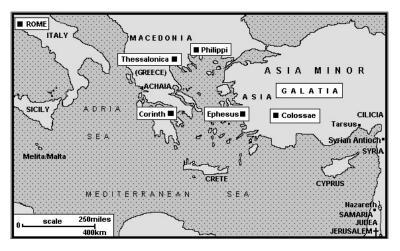
Paul's second letter to Timothy is the last record we have from him. The Roman emperor, Nero, had probably ordered Paul's execution. Paul had been left alone by all but one of his companions. They either deserted him or went on to other places for ministry. Paul recognized that he was about to die, and he rejoiced in the fact that he had been faithful to God's calling for his life. In this letter Paul expressed concern about false teaching that had entered the church. Paul instructed Timothy to preserve the truth that he received by passing it on to faithful men who would continue to teach and preach the Word of God with power and authority.

INTRODUCTION

AUTHOR: The apostle Paul

PLACE OF WRITING: Second Timothy was probably written from a prison cell in the city of Rome.

DATE OF WRITING: The letter was probably written around 67 AD during the persecution of Christians by Nero, the emperor of Rome.



PURPOSE, THEME AND SUBJECT MATTER OF THE LETTER: The evidence in the Pastoral epistles suggests that Paul was released from prison in Rome after two years, and that he traveled to several cities and churches. During that time he left Titus in Crete (Titus 1:5) and Timothy in Ephesus (1 Timothy 1:3) to set things in order and appoint elders. At some point Paul must have been rearrested and sent back to Rome, this time to die at the executioner's hand. Paul clearly understood his fate. He wrote a final letter to his dear friend, coworker, and son in the faith, Timothy, encouraging him to come to Rome so Paul could see him one more time.

Paul used this letter to give Timothy some important final instructions about how to conduct himself as a servant of Christ, to remind him of the importance of his calling to the ministry and to warn him that there will be many who will fall away from the pure teaching they had received and follow false teachers.

Chapter 1

Please read the entire book of 2 Timothy. _____ Check.

Please memorize the following verse and be prepared to write it out at the end of this lesson.

Be diligent to present yourself approved to God as a worker who does not need to be ashamed, accurately handling the word of truth. **2 Timothy 2:15 – NASB**

	(v. 1:1) Who wrote this letter? Paul
2.	(v. 1:1) What position of authority did Paul claim to have? an apostle of Jesus Christ
3.	(v. 1:1) How was Paul called into his ministry? by the will of God
4.	(v. 1:1) Through whom is the promise of life?in Christ Jesus
5.	(v. 1:2) To whom is this letter written and how does Paul describe him? Timothy - Paul's "dearly beloved son"
6.	(v.1:2) What does Paul wish upon the reader of the letter? Grace, mercy, and peace, from God the Father and Christ Jesus our Lord
7.	(v. 1:3) How did Paul serve God? with pure conscience
8.	(v. 1:3) What was Paul doing for Timothy? He had Timothy in his "prayers night and day

9.	(v. 1:4) Why did Paul desire to see Timothy? That Paul "may be filled with Joy"
10.	. (v. 1:5) Who were the examples that inspired Timothy's faith? Timothy's grandmother Lois and mother Eunice
11.	. (v. 1:6) What does Paul encourage Timothy to do? stir up the gift of God, which Timothy received from "the putting on of [Paul's] hands'
12.	. (v. 1:6) What did Paul do to acknowledge the gift of God that Timothy received? He placed his hands on him
13.	. (v. 1:7) God did not give us what kind of spirit?the spirit of fear
14.	. (v. 1:7) What kind of spirit did we receive? Spirits of power, and of love, and of a sound mind
15.	. (v. 1:7) Give examples of how the kind of spirit described in this verse is lived out in our daily activity.
	(Answers will vary)
	. (v. 1:8) What can we learn about Paul's situation when he wrote the letter from this verse? Paul was in prison
17.	. (v. 1:8) What instruction did Paul give to Timothy? Be not therefore ashamed of the testimony of our Lord, nor of Paul
18.	. (v. 1:9) What two things has God done for us according to the first part of this verse?
	God saved us, and called us with an holy calling
19.	
	God saved us, and called us with an holy calling

۷1.	(v. 1:10) What has Jesus Christ done through the gospel? He abolished death, and hath brought life and immortality to light
22.	(v. 1:11) What is Paul's relationship to this gospel? a preacher, and an apostle, and a teacher of the Gentiles
23.	(v. 1:12) Why is Paul not ashamed and willing to suffer? He knows in whom he has believed
	(v. 1:12) How does this demonstrate that we have security in our relationship with the Lord? He is convinced that Christ is able to guard what Paul has
	entrusted to Him until the final day
	(v. 1:13) What is to be the pattern of sound teaching that Paul encourages Timothy to cling to? The things that he has learned from Paul
	(v. 1.14) The truth of the goesal had been entrusted to Timethy as it has been to us
	(v. 1:14) The truth of the gospel had been entrusted to Timothy as it has been to us. What has God given us to protect it?the Holy Ghost [Spirit] which dwelleth in us
27.	What has God given us to protect it? the Holy Ghost [Spirit] which dwelleth in us (v. 1:15) What has happened to Paul's companions in Asia? They turned away from Paul
27. 28.	What has God given us to protect it? the Holy Ghost [Spirit] which dwelleth in us (v. 1:15) What has happened to Paul's companions in Asia? They turned away from Paul (vs. 1:16-18) What are some of the ways in which Onesiphorus demonstrated concer
27. 28.	What has God given us to protect it? the Holy Ghost [Spirit] which dwelleth in us (v. 1:15) What has happened to Paul's companions in Asia?

Chapter 2

ENCOURAGEMENT TO BE STRONG AND THE FAITHFULNESS OF GOD

Read	2	Timothy	/ 2:1-13	Check

Note: It has been suggested that Timothy may have had a meek personality and was easily discouraged and intimidated. For this reason there are many passages in which Paul encourages him to be bold and courageous (1 Timothy 1:18; 4:12; 6:12; 2 Timothy 1:7;). Paul wanted Timothy to lead others with confidence, and he assured him that he could do so with the help of God. Certainly the same promises given to Timothy apply to us today. God, through His Holy Spirit will give us the power to serve Him with confidence and courage.

1.	(v. 2:1) What instructions does Paul give to Timothy? be strong in the grace that is in Christ Jesus			
2.	(v. 2) Describe the pattern for training that Paul gives in this verse. The things that Timothy heard from Paul were to be taught to faithful men who			
	would in turn teach others.			
2	(v. 3) Does this verse teach that the Christian life should be easy?			

Note: There are many passages in which Paul teaches that living a life that honors God will be a challenge and that we will face opposition and persecution. We should reject any preacher or Bible teacher that tries to say that when someone becomes a Christian they will be blessed with health, prosperity, and a worry free life. We know from the book of Acts and Paul's own writings that his life was full of struggles and hardship. If someone as committed and full of faith as Paul, could endure such difficulties, we should not expect anything different.

4.	(vs. 2:4-6) Paul uses three metaphors in these verses to illustrate the need for a servant
	of God to be committed in their service to the Lord. List each of the three metaphors
	and describe in your own words how they teach about our service to Christ.
	a. A soldier does not concern himself with the affairs of this world but seeks to please
	his commanding Officer. In the same way we should be seeking to please the Lord
	(Answers will vary)
	b. An athlete who wants to win a prize must compete according to the rules.
	God expects us to serve Him according to His will and His commandments
	(Answer will vary)
	c. A farmer who plants a crop is the first to have a part in the harvest. This could refer to a servant of Christ being the first to be blessed through his study
	(Answer will vary)
5.	(v. 2:7) Who gives us understanding of the truth? The Lord
6.	(v. 2:8) What two things does Paul ask us to remember about Jesus Christ? He is of the seed of David and He was raised from the dead
7.	(vs. 2:8-9) What is it that Paul is suffering for? The Gospel

Note: Paul uses the term "my gospel" in verse 8 to describe the message that he has been commissioned by the Lord Jesus Christ to preach to the world. He refers to "my gospel" in two other passages in his writings (Romans 2:16 and Romans 16:25), and he is the only author in the Bible to use the term. In Romans 16:25 he states that his gospel was a message that had been a secret that God did not reveal to anyone in the past. He also refers to this as "the mystery." Paul's gospel was a unique message that he had received directly from Jesus Christ (Galatians 1:12). What makes Paul's gospel message unique (from that which was preached by the other Apostles) is that through his gospel alone we learn that Jews and Gentiles are joined together on equal terms as members of the Body of Christ (Ephesians 3:1-7).

8.	(v. 2:9) What does this verse tell us about Paul's circumstances when he wrote this letter? He suffers "trouble, as an evil doer, even unto bonds".
	That is, he is in chains as a criminal.
9.	(v. 2:9) What comments can you make about the phrase in this verse "God's word is not
	chained?" KJV "the word of God is not bound" (Answer will vary)
10	. (v. 2:10) For whose sake is Paul suffering and for what purpose?
	for the elect's sakes, that they may also obtain the salvation
	which is in Christ Jesus
11	. (v. 2:13) What does this verse say about God?
	Whether or not we believe, God is faithful. God cannot deny Himself
INSTR	CUCTION FOR THE SERVANT OF GOD
Kead	2 Timothy 2:14-26 Check
12	. (v. 2:14) Why should we avoid dispute/fighting over words?
	It yields no profit, but leads to subverting the hearers [harming the listeners]
13	. (v. 2:15) An approved workman of God will not be
	ashamed
14	. (v. 2:16) What is the result of participating in godless/worthless/foolish chatter?
	ungodliness
15	. (v. 2:17) What happens to the teachings of those who participate in this type of
	chatter? "their word will eat as doth a canker" Their teaching will be diseased.
16	. (vs. 2:17-18) Who are two examples of false teachers, and what did they teach?
	Hymenaeus and Philetus.
	They claimed "that the resurrection is past already".

Let every one that nameth the name of Christ depart from iniquity.	
Note: These two statements, "God knows those that are His" and "Everyone that confithe name of Christ will turn away from iniquity" make an important point. Oftentimes confused when we see someone who claims to be a Christian but his life does not demonstrate it. Ultimately we cannot know the state of any person's soul, only the Lord know We often have to accept what a person says about his relationship with the Lord. On the er hand, Paul makes it clear in this passage that if a person claims to know Jesus Christ ior, there should be a definite change in behavior. A Christian's lifestyle should reflect to is a child of God.	we are on- vs. ne oth- as Sav-
18. (vs. 2:20-21) Explain the point of the illustration Paul is using in this passage.	
Christians are to live so they are honorable vessels, and therefore useful to the L	
His service gold and silver are for honorable use - wood and clay are less honorable use - wood	ibie
(Answer will vary)	
19. (v. 2:22) What is Timothy to flee from and what is he to pursue? Flee from youthful lusts. Pursue righteousness, faith, charity, peace	
20. (v. 2:22) When someone follows the instructions in this verse what does it indicates about their motives for following Christ? They "call on the Lord out of a pure heart."	ate
21. (vs. 2:23-24) What is the Lord's servant to avoid and why? Avoid "foolish and unlearned questions" because they create strife	
22. (v. 2:24) What should be the characteristics of the Lord's servant? He must not strive [quarrel]. He must be kind to everyone, able to teach and p	atient
23. (v. 2:25) What should the servant of the Lord do when he is opposed? He should instruct gently	

17. (v. 2:19) What two truths are stated here that are foundational truths?

The Lord knoweth them that are his.

24. (v. 2:25) What is the goal of the instruction given to those who oppose the servant of the Lord?
to lead them to acknowledging the truth
25. (v. 2:26) Describe in your own words how the person who opposes the servant of God
can be used by the devil.
The devil can distract both the believers and the leaders from God's
work when arguing and debating.
(Answer will vary)
Chapter 3
GODLESSNESS IN THE LAST DAYS
Read 2 Timothy 3:1-9 Check
(v. 3:1) How does Paul describe the last days?perilous times shall come
Note: The book of Revelation describes a period of great tribulation and distress during the time just before Jesus Christ returns to Earth to establish His Kingdom. However, we know that refers to a time after the Body of Christ has been removed from the Earth in the catching away of believers to be taken to heaven in what is commonly called the Rapture. However, the revelation that Paul received from God had to do with the current Dispensation of
Grace and the Body of Christ. Therefore, it is unlikely that the reference to the "last days" in this passage is to the Tribulation. The phrase "last days" could also be translated as "latter days" and could be talking about the entire period of the Dispensation of Grace in which we currently live. Therefore, the description of perilous times may be of an increase in wickedness that will take place throughout the entire Dispensation of Grace.
(vs. 3:2-4) Choose one of the characteristics of the last days listed and describe how you see it as a reality in our society today.
(Answer will vary)

3. (vs. 3:1-5) How are we to respond to people such as the ones described in these verses? turn away	
4. (v. 3:7) How are the godless people described in this verse?	
Ever learning, and never able to come to the knowledge of the truth	
Note: The two men mentioned in 2 Timothy 3:8, Jannes and Jambres, were the tradition	al
names of the Egyptian magicians mentioned in Exodus 7:11. When Moses tried to convinc	e
the Egyptian Pharaoh to release the Israelites from slavery. The magicians of Egypt chal-	
lenged the miracles that Moses and Aaron performed by trying to do the same thing.	
5. (v. 3:8) In what way are the godless men talked about in this verse the same as Janna and Jambres? They resist the truth	es
6. (v. 3:9) What does Paul say about the impact such people will ultimately have? they shall proceed no further: for their folly shall be manifest unto all men	
INSTRUCTIONS TO TIMOTHY	
Read 2 Timothy 3:10-17 Check	
7. (vs. 3:10-11) To what does Paul refer to show the sincerity of his service to the Lord? To the persecution he experienced in his ministry)
8. (v. 3:12) What can those who live godly in Christ expect from life? persecution	
Note: This is an important warning for us not to listen to preachers and Bible teachers w	ho
say that a Christian should never face difficulties in life. Furthermore, we should not be de-	
say that a christian should hever face announces in me. I arthermore, we should not be ac	-
ceived if we are told that trials and tribulations are the result of sin and disobedience in ou	
•	
ceived if we are told that trials and tribulations are the result of sin and disobedience in ou	

10. (v. 3:15) From when has Timothy know	vn the S	Scriptures? from a child
11. (v. 3:15) In what way will the scriptures	s help T	imothy?
They will make him wise unto salvation	n throu	igh faith which is in Christ Jesus
12. (v. 3:16) How does this verse describe	the sou	rce of Scripture?
given by inspiration of God		
13. (v. 3:16) What four ways does this vers	se list t	hat a knowledge of the Scriptures bene-
fits the readers?		
1doctrine		reproof
3. correction	4.	instruction in righteousness
Note: It is important to understand the four the	hings in	verse 16 for which the Scriptures are to
be used.		
14. (v. 3:17) What will the Scriptures prod		
He will be throughly furnished unto a	III good	WORKS
CC		A
Cnaj	pter -	7
PAUL'S CHARGE TO TIMOTHY		
Read 2 Timothy 4:1-8 Check		
1. (v. 4:1) In whose presence (before who	m) doe	s Paul make this commandment.
before God, and the Lord Jesus Christ	•	
2 (v. 4.4) Whom will Christ Income in the 2	the au	lick and the dead
2. (v. 4:1) Whom will Christ Jesus judge?		and the dead

Note: Paul says that Jesus Christ will be the judge of the "living and the dead." This phrase can have two meanings. On the one hand, it can be speaking of those who are physically alive and those that have died at the time of the judgment, whether the Judgment Seat of Christ after the Rapture or the Great White Throne Judgment after the one thousand year reign of Christ on the Earth. This may also refer to those who are spiritually alive or spiritually dead. According to Ephesians 2:4-5 we were all dead in our sins, but God made us alive in Christ Jesus.

3.	(v. 4:1) What two other things does Paul consider when making this charge to Timothy? The appearing of the Lord and His kingdom
4.	(v. 4:2) When should Timothy (or any minister) be prepared to preach the Word? in season, out of season (always)
5.	(v. 4:2) What things does Paul instruct Timothy to do through the preaching of the Word? reprove, rebuke, exhort with all longsuffering and doctrine
ote:	Like verse 3:16, this verse emphasizes how God's Word is the primary source of

Note: Like verse 3:16, this verse emphasizes how God's Word is the primary source of instruction for living our lives. All of the words used above are for ones that provide guidance for living the Christian life. At times, such instruction might seem harsh but that is often what is needed to correct wrong behavior.

6. (v. 4:3) What will be the response of the majority of people to instruction they receive from the Word of God?

they will not endure sound doctrine

7. (vs. 4:3-4) Describe how people will reject the teaching of God in the latter days. they shall turn away their ears from the truth, and shall be turned unto fables.

8.	(v. 4:5) Paul gives four instructions to Timothy in this verse. List them.
	1. watch thou in all things
	2. endure afflictions
	3. do the work of an evangelist
	4. make full proof of thy ministry
9.	(vs. 4:6-8) In these verses Paul is telling Timothy that he believes the end of his life is near. He was probably going to be executed by the Roman authorities. Based on these verses describe how you believe Paul felt as he was facing death.
	(Answer will vary)
	(Autower will vary)
10	. (v. 4:8) What does Paul say is awaiting him and all who love Christ's appearing? a crown of righteousness
FINAL	COMMENTS
Read	2 Timothy 4:9-22 Check
11	. (v. 4:9) What does Paul urge Timothy to do?come shortly unto me
	. (vi. 113) What allocal add allocally to do.
12	. (v. 4:10) Describe what has happened to the three companions of Paul mentioned in this verse. Demas departed unto Thessalonica, Crescens to Galatia and
	Titus unto Dalmatia
13	. (v. 4:11) Who is the only companion still with Paul? Luke
	. (v. 4:11) Who is the only companion still with Paul? Luke . (v. 4:11) What does Paul say about Mark in this verse?

Note: The story of Mark is a remarkable account of restoration and reconciliation after failure in the ministry. Mark first appears in the Scripture in Acts 12:12 when Peter went to the home of Mark's mother, Mary, after his miraculous release from prison. We then learn in Acts 12:25 that Mark joined Paul and Barnabas on their missionary journeys. Barnabas was a relative of Mark, either a cousin or uncle (Colossians 4:10). Later we find that Mark had deserted Paul and Barnabas and that when he tried to join them on their second journey Paul did not want him to be part of the team, probably because of his earlier decision to return home early (Acts 15:36-41). The disagreement between Paul and Barnabas over Mark was so great that the two missionaries had to go separate ways. However, now at the end of his life, Paul is asking that Mark come to him. We see that even when there are serious disagreements, people can be reconciled and used for God's ministry.

15. ((v. 4:13) What further instructions does Paul give to Timothy in this verse? Too bring his cloke, books, and especially the parchments to Paul when he comes.	
16. ((vs. 4:14-15) What warning does Paul give to Timothy in these verses? Alexander the coppersmith did me much evil.	
_		
17. ((v. 4:16) What did Paul's companions do when he had to defend himself in court? They deserted (forsook) him.	
18. ((v. 4:16) What does Paul ask of the Lord for those people that abandoned him?	
	I pray God that it may not be laid to their charge.	
19. (v. 4:17) How was Paul reassured when he stood to make his defense? The Lord stood with me, and strengthened me.		
_		
20	(
20. ((v. 4:18) What is Paul confident that the Lord will do for him?	
_	the Lord shall deliver me from every evil work and will preserve me	
_	unto his heavenly kingdom	

21. (v. 4:19) To whom does Paul send final greetings? Prisca and Aquila, and the household of Onesiphorus

22. (v. 4:20) Where was Trophimus when Paul left him and what condition was he in? in Miletum sick.

Note: The fact that Paul had to leave Trophimus sick in Miletus is very significant. It is evidence that even within Paul's lifetime the sign gift of healing was already fading away from the normal life of the Body of Christ. Healing was part of the proclamation of the Gospel of the Kingdom that was preached by Jesus and the 12 Apostles (Luke 4:18; 7:22). It was a sign that the age of the Messiah had arrived and that God was now fulfilling his prophecies for the end times. However, Israel denied Jesus as their Messiah. God then revealed the Body of Christ and the truth that Jews and Gentile can approach God on an equal basis. He gave the same sign gifts to Paul and others to prove that the message of God's grace was legitimate. However, based on 1 Corinthians 13:8 we learn that the sign gifts, meant for the Church in its infancy, would pass away at some point. Although there was a time when Paul could heal the sick at will (Acts 19:11-12; 28:7-9) this verse shows that at the end of his ministry that power had been taken from him.

- 23. (v. 4:21) What does Paul encourage Timothy to do? come before winter
- 24. (v. 4:22) How does Paul end the letter?

 The Lord Jesus Christ be with thy spirit. Grace be with you. Amen.

What Bible Version/T	ranslation did you use for this lesson?:	-
our questions or Cor	nments:	
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	toServe Ministry	
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